3-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits

Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits 3-LS3 Students who demonstrate understanding can: 3-LS3-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms. [Clarification Statement: Patterns are the similarities and differences in traits shared between offspring and their parents, or among siblings. Emphasis is on organisms other than humans.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include genetic mechanisms of inheritance and prediction of traits. Assessment is limited to non-human examples.] 3-LS3-2. Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment. [Clarification Statement: Examples of the environment affecting a trait could include normally tall plants grown with insufficient water are stunted; and, a pet dog that is given too much food and little exercise may become overweight.] The performance expectations above were developed using the following elements from the NRC document A Framework for K-12 Science Education: Science and Engineering Practices **Disciplinary Core** Ideas **Crosscutting Concepts** LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits Analyzing and Interpreting Data Patterns Analyzing data in 3–5 builds on K–2 experiences and progresses Many characteristics of organisms are inherited from their Similarities and differences in patterns to introducing quantitative approaches to collecting data and parents. (3-LS3-1) can be used to sort and classify natural conducting multiple trials of qualitative observations. Other characteristics result from individuals' interactions with phenomena. (3-LS3-1) the environment, which can range from diet to learning. Many When possible and feasible, digital tools should be used. **Cause and Effect** Cause and effect relationships are Analyze and interpret data to make sense of phenomena characteristics involve both inheritance and environment. (3using logical reasoning. (3-LS3-1) LS3-2) routinely identified and used to explain **Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions** LS3.B: Variation of Traits change. (3-LS3-2) Constructing explanations and designing solutions in 3-5 builds Different organisms vary in how they look and function because they have different inherited information. (3-LS3-1) on K-2 experiences and progresses to the use of evidence in constructing explanations that specify variables that describe and The environment also affects the traits that an organism develops. (3-LS3-2) predict phenomena and in designing multiple solutions to design problems. Use evidence (e.g., observations, patterns) to support an explanation. (3-LS3-2) Connections to other DCIs in third grade: N/A Articulation of DCIs across grade-levels: 1.LS3.A (3-LS3-1); 1.LS3.B (3-LS3-1); MS.LS1.B (3-LS3-2); MS.LS3.A (3-LS3-1); MS.LS3.B (3-LS3-1); Common Core State Standards Connections. ELA/Literacy RI.3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2) Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2) RI.3.2 RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2) W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2) SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2) Mathematics

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2)

MP.4 Model with mathematics. (3-LS3-1),(3-LS3-2)

3.MD.B.4 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths using rulers marked with halves and fourths of an inch. Show the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in appropriate units—whole numbers, halves, or quarters. (*3-LS3-1*),(*3-LS3-2*)